

ADLER & BRO.  
Boots & Shoes

No. 261 Main Street.  
(Leubrie's Old Stand).

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Unprecedented Bargains!  
And sweeping reduction in Gents' Furnishing Goods at  
B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Men's Gauze Shirts reduced from 40c to 25c  
" " " 50c to 35c  
" " " 60c to 45c  
" " " 75c to 60c  
" " " \$1.25 to \$1.00  
" " " 1.50 to 1.25  
" " [regular] 1.75 to 1.50  
" " " 2.25 to 2.00  
" French Lace " 1.00 to .90c  
" " " 1.50 to 1.25  
" Balbriggan " 1.75 to 1.50  
" French " 1.50 to 1.25  
" French Lisle " 2.00 to 1.75  
" French Pearl " 2.50 to 2.25  
Ladies' Gauze Vests " 1.00 to .90c  
" " " 1.50 to 1.25  
" French Lace " 2.00 to 1.75  
" " Pearl Lisle " 2.00 to 1.75  
" Balbriggan Regular " 1.50 to 1.00  
Children's Gauze Vests reduced in proportion.  
"G" Unlaundried Shirts, best, reduced from \$1.50 to \$1.25  
King " " " 1.25 to 1.12 1-2  
Favorite " " " 1.00  
"55" " " " 85 to 75c  
Best Jean Drawers reduced to : : : 85c  
" Nainsook " to : : : 85c  
Fancy Night Shirts " to : : : 1.75  
Ladies' and Gents' Silk Vests reduced to attractive prices.

B. Lowenstein & Bros.  
GEO. MITCHELL  
(Successor to Mitchell, Hoffman & Co.) has the largest and best assorted stock of  
FURNITURE,  
CARPETS, CURTAINS, OIL-CLOTHS  
IN THE SOUTH, AT LOW PRICES.  
No. 308 MAIN STREET : : : Memphis, Tennessee.  
CALL AND EXAMINE BEFORE PURCHASING.

HILL, FONTAINE & CO.,  
Cotton Factors  
- AND -  
Wholesale Grocers  
293 and 298 Front St., 116 South Main St.,  
MEMPHIS, TENN. ST. LOUIS, MO.

GAS FIXTURES.  
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting,  
PUMPS, PIPES, HOSE, ETC.  
J. W. X. BROWNE, 40 Madison Street.  
LOUIS DUSH,  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
Stoves, Ranges, Mantels and Grates, Hollow-Ware and Castings  
Manufacturer of Plain & Japanned Tinware, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.  
A Well Selected Stock of Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Etc.  
Agent for the Celebrated  
Van's Cooking Range.  
304 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.  
Roofing, Gutters, Repairs, etc., promptly attended to. 1782

R. G. Craig & Co.  
MEMPHIS, TENN.

REAPING AND MOWING  
Machines.  
SULKY RAKES, STOCK PEAS  
FERTILIZERS,  
Guano, Land Plaster and Phosphate.

R. G. CRAIG & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

H. BUTTENBERG

Manufacturer of all kinds of  
Awnings and Tents,  
Mattresses and Upholstering,  
Furniture Repaired, Varished, Packed  
AND STORED.

232 Second Street, 35 118

MEMPHIS

STEAM LAUNDRY

232 Second St.  
Between Jefferson and Adams.

All kinds of Washing and Ironing done in  
first class style by Troy machinery. A  
specialty made of Collyers, Cuffs and Ladies'  
Fine Underwear. Work from other towns  
returned the same day as received. 35 121

NOTICE TO LADIES.

Madame Alexander Godard  
AS located her work rooms at No. 235  
H. SECOND STREET opposite Postoffice.  
where ladies who wish to patronize her will  
please call. 35 90

PUBLIC



LEDGER.

VOL. XXXIV.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE: WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, 1882.

NO 91.

LOEB & MOOK'S  
SHIRTS  
And Underwear  
MADE TO ORDER.  
235 and 237 Main St.

The stream of immigration is unabated. The arrivals at Castle Garden last week were 16,654, against 16,421 for the same week last year.

The organization of a Jockey Club in Memphis upon a proper basis would be a real benefit. It would encourage the raising of fine stock and would bring to Memphis every year a class of substantial and liberal visitors. Efforts have been made in this direction which deserve encouragement. A good club of this kind, composed of leading public spirited citizens, would be worth more to Memphis than all the Mardi Gras mummeries we have ever had. The gentlemen connected with this movement stand high in the business community, and have the energy to push through any enterprise they undertake.

It is the duty of every Democrat who takes an interest in the unity and success of the party and can conveniently do so, to go to the mass meeting to be held at the Courthouse next Saturday at eleven o'clock. The delegates elected last Saturday to go to Nashville on the 20th are amenable to the action and instructions of that meeting. It is important that Shelby county give forth no uncertain sound. The sentiments of the people are very well understood, but there is always danger that they will be misrepresented. There are those who insist that representatives have a right to disregard the wishes of the people and to violate pledges. Let it be hoped there are none such in Shelby county, who will show their heads, in the Democratic party at least. Let there be a full attendance from city and country, and a full fair and free expression.

Business men will find it to their interest to have their job printing done at the PUBLIC LEDGER job printing office, 13 Madison street.

Gossip About Tennessee Politics.

Col. Jno. M. Flemming writes to the Courier-Journal, from Nashville, as follows:  
As to the Ninth District, there is no telling who will be the lucky man. There will be five or six candidates, all with respectable claims. The chances seem to be in favor of Pierce, the present Attorney General of the Ohio Circuit.  
When you strike Memphis, no mortal can tell what is going to happen. The District at present is Republican; nevertheless, it is essentially Democratic. The apportionment act of the last Legislature threw the Hon. Mr. Simonton into the Memphis District, and it is understood that he is a candidate for re-election in his new District. It is well known that the Hon. Casey Young will also be a candidate, and William R. Moore, the gushing boy, will of course be on hand.

The variety of opinions in regard to the gubernatorial contest leaves it very uncertain as to its final result in this State. So uncertain is the political situation that few men are willing to risk their chance. The good men of the State are thinking. A large number of the State credit men would favor the nomination of the Hon. Geo. W. Jones, of Lincoln county, but it is understood that Mr. Jones will not accept the nomination. There are others who favor the nomination of Hon. John P. House, and there are still others, and they comprise the majority of the Nashville delegation, who favor the nomination of General Wm. B. Bate.

What is known as the Half breed party favors Mr. Colyar or Mr. Marks for Governor. Beyond all this the true Democracy looks to a young man, disregarding geographical limits; and the Democracy of the State should turn to Memphis and select General Luke Wright, a young man, inspired with the spirit of Democracy pure and uncontaminated by any association with rings or frauds, a Chevalier Bayard, sans reproach.

Parliament Elections.  
TORONTO, June 14.—In the Parliament elections, taking place in Quebec, fourteen ministerial, and in Ontario two ministerial, candidates were elected by acclamation.

The PUBLIC LEDGER job printing office constantly receives new type of the latest styles, and the office generally is kept up to the highest standard of excellence.

A Child from the Clouds.

Dallas Herald.

After the cyclone in the southwest part of the county a child about three years old, with one arm and both legs broken, was found near Towry Springs, about twelve miles south of this place, on the Line road. The child was cared for by a family whose name we did not learn, and will doubtless get well. No one in that section knows the little waif, or from whence it came. It is supposed to have been brought a great distance by the cyclone.

The PUBLIC LEDGER job printing office and blank book manufactory, 13 Madison street, execute every class of such work in good style and at low rates.

Letter heads, envelopes, bill heads bills of lading, cards and all kinds of commercial printing done as well and as cheap at the PUBLIC LEDGER office as anywhere in the United States.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, June 14.—The number drowned by the recent flood at Versecz, Hungary, was 44.

A correspondent of the Times at Cairo states that the English Consul General desires all British residents in the House of Commons, Gladstone agreed that the re-entry into evicted holdings should not be punishable unless it was effected by force, and that of two magistrates exercising summary jurisdiction, one must be a lawyer. Harcourt, Home Secretary, promised that the new summary jurisdiction, so far as it applied to assaults on bailiffs, etc., should be exercised only in proclaimed districts.

NICOSIA, CYPRUS, June 14.—Many refugees from Egypt, mostly families of British residents of Alexandria, have arrived here.

ALEXANDRIA, June 14.—The bodies of the Engineer of the English iron-clad Superb, and two seamen of the Nelson, killed in the riot Sunday, have been buried at sea, as it was deemed imprudent to risk the danger that might have arisen from the funeral on shore. As the barge containing the bodies passed the U. S. steamer Galena, the marines fired a salute and all on board uncovered their heads.

The soldiers are openly asking for the deposition of the Khedive, and declaring that they will, if necessary, oppose Turkey herself. Not only are women and children leaving the country, but men, with large material interest in Egypt, are begging their passage, and leaving their property behind. Many large capitalists are arranging to leave Egypt permanently, not in a panic, but after calmly calculating the cost of such a step.

CAIRO, June 14.—Sir Edward Malet has started for Alexandria.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.—An official bulletin states that the Empress, whose confinement occurred yesterday morning, is suffering from unusual exhaustion.

The Goddard Prize.

BOSTON, June 14.—Charles Walter Gerould, of Chicago, senior class of Tufts College, won the Goddard prize.

Conly's Body Found.

CHESTERFIELD, N. H. June 14.—The body of George R. Conly, the operatic singer, was found in Spofford Lake this morning. The remains will be sent to New York.

Fire.

BOSTON, June 14.—A fire at South Braintree this morning destroyed the best building in town, including the postoffice, Grand Army hall, market, drug store, clothing store, club room, etc. Loss, \$60,000; partially insured.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, southerly to westerly winds, followed by rising barometer.

For the Missouri valley, occasional rains, partly cloudy weather, east to south winds.

Mills to Close.

NEW YORK, June 14.—To-day Harmony Mills again closed. Not one additional operative this morning joined the ten who returned to work Monday under the ten per cent reduction. A meeting of the company will be held Thursday, when, it is stated, formal notice will be posted closing the mills until September 1st.

Heavy Loser.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 14.—An examination in the case of Francis P. Weed against Dr. Hodges, of Newburgh, charged with defrauding Weed out of \$150,000 in a game of draw poker, was up before Judge Barnard this morning. During the testimony Weed swore that he lost \$450,000 at poker in one hour, Scott, who played poker with him, and Hodges being the dealer.

Walt Street.

NEW YORK, June 14.—A petition to the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange was circulated here yesterday afternoon and signed by many prominent banking houses. It asks for the passage of a special law providing for the infliction of severe punishment on members repeating rumors affecting the credit of any member of the Exchange, unless the statements are based on personal knowledge.

The St. Louis & San Francisco company have declared a dividend of 34 per cent on first preferred.

London was a free buyer of stocks yesterday. Amsterdam also bought stocks, and both cities bought bonds, September, October and November option bills.

Exchange is quite freely offered,

TRADE WITH SOUTH AMERICA.

A Line of Steamers By C. P. Huntington and Others.

Cincinnati Commercial, 13.

C. P. Huntington and others interested in the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway have purchased a controlling interest in the United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Line. Its importance to this city will be recognized by all shippers. The company is organized under the laws of the State of New York by prominent merchants of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Richmond, for the purpose of running a semi-monthly line of new, fast and well equipped iron passenger steamships between the United States and the South American ports of Para, Maranhao, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro and Santos, stopping at St. Thomas both ways. Differing altogether in the character of its ships and in the personnel of its organization from former efforts in this direction, this company grows out of the necessities, as well as the opportunities of the largest and most prosperous houses in this country engaged in the South American trade, who are interested both as shareholders and as merchants, that have been cramped for the want of proper facilities of intercourse between the United States and South American ports.

With them are allied leading railroad interests in this country, giving to the company new and valuable facilities for gathering at the seaboard the products of the United States which are in demand in South America, and affording the products of the latter country cheap and rapid distribution throughout the markets of the United States—through bills of lading being offered to all points.

The company has three iron steamships now building at the shipyards of John Roach & Son, at Chester—under the direction of a committee representing the leading staple products of the two countries to be carried, and knowing from a long experience the great importance of delivering these products at their destinations in the most perfect condition, and also acquainted with the peculiarities of all the harbors on the South American coast. With superior accommodations for fifty first class passengers, with special arrangements for handling each of the great staples, giving to each air tight iron compartments, so that rubber, hides, sugar and coffee shall not be stored together, or flour, lard or general merchandise, the company inaugurates a new era in the history both of the trade and the travel between the two continents, and makes sailing vessels and slow freight steamers with their passenger accommodations as far behind the age as they are between New York and Liverpool.

A most valuable and promising feature of the line is that it unites with it the business interests of Baltimore and Richmond, whose exports of flour and lard and imports of coffee and rubber form a large factor in the commerce of the two countries. A preliminary and highly successful experimental line has been running chartered steamships on this route for nearly ten months, under the management of Mr. C. McCulloch Beecher, running up to Baltimore to coal and complete cargo. Under this arrangement the Richmond flour was shipped to Baltimore to meet the line, but through the active interests of parties controlling the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, the steamship company has perfected its facilities for economically concentrating and picking up its freights, by arranging to use Newport News, the seaboard terminus in Hampton Roads of the transatlantic lines embraced in the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad system. Here steamships of the greatest size find a harbor second to none on the coast for depth of water, capacity, security from storms and easy accessibility to and from the ocean. Here the Chesapeake & Ohio Company have finished immense wharves and storehouses, and have improved facilities for rapidly coaling steamships from the superior steamer coals of the Kanawha and New River region, through which the road runs. Here will concentrate for export the flour of Richmond, West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, the naval stores and lumber from North Carolina, and the steam and gas coals before alluded to, all of which are in demand in South America.

The Rugby enterprise still has staunch friends among Mr. Hughes' colonists. One of them, in reply to a statement which is said to have appeared in the Liverpool Courier, that Mr. Hughes was ruined by the failure of the enterprise, into which he was beguiled by American shavers, writes the Cleveland Herald: "We Rugbyans are of all sorts. Some of us have come to these Cumberland highlands from the old country; some from various parts of the new; but nearly all of us come of a stock that isn't easily beaten—otherwise it would not have managed in a few centuries to grab two thirds of the most habitable part of this planet. Failure! Let those of the old maids who remain in the year 1800 come along to Rugby then, and if we and those who come after us haven't by that time made it a pleasant and profitable place to live in, let them 'write us down' a failure, if they will—but meanwhile, hands off! As to 'Mr. Thomas Hughes' having been 'duped and flattered into the enterprise,' and having been 'financially ruined' by it, it is pure, unadulterated trash. The intense interest which Mr. Hughes has always had in the success of the settlement has led him to invest in the enterprise directly and indirectly, a sum which it would no doubt be inconvenient for him to lose, and the absence of any immediate return on which may very probably cause him present inconvenience. He and his friends may have given somewhat more for the land purchased by them than it was

USE DEAN'S BEST TEAS!

And Fresh Roasted Coffee.  
WM. DEAN & CO., 189 POPLAR ST.

THE GRAND ARTIST, LEVY!

Cornet Virtuoso, at Estival Park,  
FRIDAY 16th, SATURDAY 17th, SUNDAY 16th.

worth at the time, and may have underestimated the amount required for its development, but I believe their property to be worth now every cent paid for it and laid out on it, and to require only time, though perhaps a long time, to return it with interest."

CHARLIE FORD

Tells What He Knows of Certain Exploits of the Late Jesse James Gang.

Globe-Democrat Special.

KANSAS CITY, June 9.—Charlie Ford was asked to-day about the truth of the story published to the effect that he was the party who struck the express messenger over the head at the Blue-cut robbery, and he said it was not true. "I was right mad when I saw that in the paper the other day, and I thought I would call at the Times office and deny it, but I concluded I had better not. I reckon it was Wood Hite that struck him. Wood and Jess went into the express car, and the messenger tried to hide a big long pocketbook full of money. Wood saw him do it, and told him to give it up. The messenger said he hadn't any more money. Wood told him he knew better, for he saw him hide it, and again ordered him to give it up. The messenger continued to deny having the money, and Wood struck him over the head with his pistol. If the messenger had done as he ought to, and

GIVEN UP THE MONEY

at first, he never would have been hurt. Wood had an ugly temper, and you never could depend upon him. He might be your friend to-day and to-morrow your enemy. Frank and Jesse were both afraid of him. He and Frank got into a dispute one day over a game of cards, and both went for their pistols. Jess saw that Wood was going to get the drop on Frank, and dropped in between them. Dick Little was there, and he and Jess kept them apart until they cooled. Jesse and Frank didn't hitch very well in the last few years. They were always quarreling. Jesse didn't like Frank's wife. She is a real high-toned lady, and a great favorite with the boys. Jesse was a great lover of notoriety. He'd do anything to get his name in the papers, and when he'd see a paper with a story about him in it he'd show it to Frank's wife. She'd throw it down and wouldn't read it when she saw what it was. That made Jess very mad. Frank is a different man to Jess. He does not like to have anything about him in the papers. He does not like notoriety and never did. Dick was a great friend of Frank's wife and thought

A GREAT DEAL OF HER.

Dick is one of those fellows who, when any one does him a favor, will do all he can in return. Because he was friendly to Frank's wife Jesse got down on him. I'd like to see Frank's wife. I don't know whether she has any hard feelings toward us or not for killing Jess. I don't know how she could."

"You must have derived considerable amusement from reading the newspaper reports of the robberies and pursuit."  
"Yes, we did, indeed. After the Blue-cut robbery, Jess and Frank and Clarence Hite and I walked into Kansas City. The next morning I went over home. I expected to find Wood and Dick at my house, but they did not arrive until Sunday morning. They found all the crossings guarded and had to hide in the woods a day or two then they worked down the river some distance until we found a skiff. After we left the train that night we divided up the money before we had gone very far. Dick and Wood then left us, and we walked into town. We were in the bushes at the side of the track when the special train came down with the

POSSE OF OFFICERS

from Kansas City. After the Winston robbery the boys hid around near there for a week or two, and then we all came into town together. We drove in with a wagon. When we got near the bridge Dick and I got out and walked. Jess and Clarence sat on the front seat. Clarence was dressed in woman's clothes, and Frank and Wood lay in the bottom of the wagon with a blanket thrown over them. Dick and I followed about one hundred yards behind the wagon; when we got over to town we separated. Frank went down to his father-in-law's at Independence, Jess went home to his wife, and the rest of us scattered around generally."

Will Not be Bled-so.

Collierville Mail.  
A few days ago the LEDGER, of Memphis, published an account of a suit, wherein Shelby county was a party, of several hundred thousand dollars, having been issued under the Barbour Lewis administration. The suit was decided in the United States Court, Justice Stanley Matthews presiding. Our fellow-citizen, B. C. Bledsoe, was one and the first to raise his voice in the County Court against paying these fraudulent bonds. He was joined by General Turner, Pat Wintour and others, and got the County Court to reconsider the matter, and when the decision was reached in the United States Court, it proved Bledsoe correct, and saved the county a pile of money. A friend of Bledsoe's in Memphis wrote him the next day in recognition of his acts in behalf of the people the following: "Well done, old friend, now Shelby county will not be bled so." (Wheatley.) Yours all the same, GUIDO.

Not an Artist.

Andrew's American Queen.  
Eric Bayley, who made himself known last winter at the Park Theater in Burnard's vulgar play, "The Colonel," accuses Edward Taylor, his late business manager, with having stolen \$480 11 from funds entrusted to his care. Taylor says he spent it in trying to convince newspaper men that Mr. Bayley was a good actor. We don't know anything of the merits of the case, but we do know that journalists are in the habit of resolutely refusing champagne suppers and other attempts to influence their judgment. But if Mr. Taylor found a weak journalist, his argument was evidently not strong enough for the occasion. It would require a club, a belt full of pistols and a bowie knife to convince any ordinary newspaper man that Mr. Bayley knew anything of the art of acting. Our private opinion is that he would make a success as a dry goods clerk. This gentleman, we may remark, is one of the large class for whose silly pretensions the so-called criticisms of Boston is responsible. Boston, if we remember aright, strained the English language in the composition of laudatory essays on his merits.

Joe Mulholland Distanced.

Special to Vicksburg Herald.  
MEMPHIS, June 12.—Oscar Wilde delivered a fashionable oration to-night to the largest audience of ladies ever seen in the Memphis theater. He will lecture at Vicksburg Wednesday evening.

Envelopes, XX, high cut, cheapest in the city, at LEDGER job printing office.

VANDERBILT INS. CO.

Office VANDERBILT INS. CO., MEMPHIS, June 2, 1882.  
THIS Company, having been fully organized, the stockholders are requested to call at the Company's office, 13 Madison street, to receive and receive their certificates of stock. J. B. BROWN, Secy.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 40.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—H. F. Schulse vs. Mary Tammeling.  
[This cause, the defendant, Otto Tammeling, it is not to be found in his county; it is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in August, 1882, and answer or demur to the complaint, or the same will be taken for confessed, and a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Public Ledger.]  
The 14th day of June, 1882.  
A copy—Attest:  
By J. M. Brantley, D. C. & M. H.  
J. W. Miller, sol'r for comp't. 91 97 100 109

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been appointed and qualified to be the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, as administrator of Mrs. Ellen McFadden, deceased, creditors of said estate will present their claims to me or my attorneys, and debtors must pay me.  
GEORGE MITCHELL, Adm'r.  
Poston & Poston, Att'ys. 91 97 100 109

AN Election for Seven Directors of the

Buff City Insurance Company,  
to expire during the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's office, THURSDAY, July 4, 1882, between 11 o'clock a.m. and 1 p.m.  
W. B. MOORE, Sec'y.

Clerks Building and Saving Ass'n.

THE regular monthly meeting of this association will be held WEDNESDAY, June 14, 1882, at the office of the secretary, No. 316 Second, corner of Court street, at 8 o'clock, p.m. Fines will be rigidly enforced if dues and interest are not punctually paid.  
By order of the Board.  
P. B. JONES, Sec'y.

MECHANICS

Building and Savings Association  
REGULAR monthly meetings WEDNESDAY  
Evening, June 14, at 8 o'clock. Dues and  
interest may be paid to P. B. Jones, 261 Second  
street, or to J. M. Brantley, 13 Madison street.  
91 97 100 109

Q. V. RAMAGEAU, President.